The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 24. CHICAGO, SUNDAY, MARCH 12, 1871—WITH SUPPLEMENT. NO. 220.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

"Time Creeps on Apace."

PHOTOGRAPHY is being daily PERFECTED, with wonderful success, and no matter how fine the Art has been more improved than that of COPYING, the WASHINGTON PHOTOGRAPHER has made what we think all work it upon. Children and no matter how SMALL, how old, or how FADED a picture may be, he WILL COPY, ENLARGE it to any SIZE DESIRED, and finish in INDIA INK, WATER or OIL COLORS, even make from it a PLAIN PHOTOGRAPH, thus not the most practiced eye can DETECT from a picture made from life sitting. Finishing in this way prevents further decay.

OUT OF TOWN.

PARTIES LIVING AT A DISTANCE, having PICTURES which they wish COPIED, or are their orders promptly attended to by sending them by express, with the necessary directions. The style of hair, or dress, must be changed to the present mode, when such change is desired. All LETTERS of INQUIRY will be answered cheerfully, and a schedule of SIZES and PRICES sent when asked for.

TO ARCHITECTS.

Particular attention given to copying ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS. We have MACHINES MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY for this BRANCH OF THE ART, by which we can reduce perfect copies of all drawings; and we promise persons desiring this kind of work, better pictures, SOONER FINISHED, AND AT CHEAPER RATES than they can procure them elsewhere.

The finest BERLIN CARDS $1.00 per dozen; at other Galleries, $6.00 and $9.00. All KINDS of work reduced to per cent since Jan. 1. Parties wishing IMMEDIATE ATTENTION will do well to secure their sittings in advance.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Those in want of photographs will please call at the gallery of the undersigned, No. 177 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

WASHINGTON PHOTOGRAPHER.

DRY GOODS.

CARSON, PIRIE & CO.'S

BARGAINS,

118 and 120 STATE-ST.

Large lot White Piques. Handsome styles, at 20 cts. yard. Almost half the price of last season.

Auction lot of White Piques, some of them slightly discolored, elegant goods, at 25 cts., 40 and 50 cts. Much under value.

All Linens and Housekeeping Goods very cheap.

Cottons and sheetings under the market.

Pretty new Spring Cambrics, Percales and Prints.

Some very cheap lines of Dress Goods on the centre tables.

Bargains in every department at present.

SEWING MACHINES.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENTS

Have been made during the past few months in the

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

Buy it, because it will do better work, in one-fourth less time, than any lock-stitch machine, and because, as recently improved, it is much easier learned than any other.

No change of tension necessary in sewing different thicknesses, and, while it can almost perfectly dispense with it, has nearly double its former power.

Over 100,000 more Wheeler & Wilson Family Sewing Machines have been sold than of any other make.

ARTHUR FARRAR & CO., 106 Lake-st., Chicago.

DENTISTRY.

D. M. TOWNER,

DENTIST.

181 & 183 West Madison-st.,

Northwest corner Market.

VITALIZED AIR

GIVEN IN EXTRACTING TEETH.

NO PAIN. NO DANGER.

Extracting Teeth, each,	50c
Artificial Teeth, very best,	$20 to $25
Cheaper Sets,	$10 to $15
Solid Gold Fillings,	$2 to $4
Silver Fillings,	$1 to $3

TEETH EXTRACTED AND NEW ONES IMMEDIATELY REPLACED.

Rest of city references given on application.

DENTAL CARD.

C. W. DRYER, Dentist.

Having secured Folsom's improvement, is prepared to insert artificial teeth that will not start or drop while eating, speaking, or exercising, and guarantees that no foot shall be under the plate. All persons wearing plates that do not fulfill these conditions can have the improvement attached, and will do well to give us a call. Office, 164 South Clark-st., near Monroe.

DENTISTRY!

ROBERT GIBSON, Dentist, Office, 149½ Twenty-second-st., Chicago.

HATS.

A. HERZOG,

WITH

M. BEIFELD,

Just opened the Best and Finest Stock of

SILK, FELT, & CLOTH HATS,

A LARGE VARIETY OF

Children's and Youths' Hats,

AT

87 Lake-st., Under Tremont House.

HATS AND BONNETS

SPRING STYLES

NOW ON EXHIBITION AT

78 LAKE-ST

Ladies will find a complete assortment of New Designs in

HATS AND BONNETS

AT

WEBSTER BROS.'

SHIRTS

SHIRTS TO ORDER SHIRTS READY MADE SHIRTS Men's Furnishing Goods HARRIS' 103 RANDOLPH-ST.

HEAD QUARTERS

SHIRTS

GIFT CONCERTS.

MILWAUKEE

MUSICAL SOCIETY.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT.

At Music Hall, Milwaukee, Wednesday Eve., April 26, 1871, which also inaugurates of the New musical hall in that city.

$80,000

IN CASH PRIZES!

To be distributed in

GREENBACKS!

As follows:

1 Gift	$25,000	$25,000
1 Gift	5,000	5,000
5 Gifts	1,000	5,000
20 Gifts	500	10,000
50 Gifts	100	5,000
100 Gifts	50	5,000
500 Gifts	20	10,000
1,560 Gifts	10	15,000
2,177 Gifts		$80,000

100,000 Tickets are to be sold at $2.00

The Drawing will take place after the Concert, and will be conducted by the following gentlemen, who will act as a Committee of Management:

[Committee listed]

Proof Sheets of Drawing will be published in the following papers:

[Papers listed]

Tickets can be had of the Secretary, at the Office of the Society, in Milwaukee, or of any of the Committee of Management.

H. L. SUMMERFIELD, Secretary, Milwaukee, Wis.

NORTHWESTERN GIFT CONCERT

TO BE GIVEN AT

Rind & Lee, Wis., March 28, 1871.

10,000 tickets at $5 each, entitling purchaser to one chance in the following distribution of prizes:

$1,799 in Greenbacks, AND $200 IN GOLD.

To be given to the Ticket-Holders, as follows:

[Prize table]

Tickets can be had of the Secretary, at the Office of the Society, in Rind & Lee, Wis., or at the office of Rind on Lee, viz:

[Ticket table]

Proof Sheets of Music, good Music and good words, will be published in Rind & Lee, Wis., and Chicago, Ill., containing full particulars, and a list of the drawing numbers, which will be published in the Chicago Tribune, Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis., on the day following the drawing.

Our references are: the bankers and leading business men of Rind & Lee, Wis., and Chicago, Ill.

177 DEARBORN-ST., CHICAGO.

GIFT DISTRIBUTION.

$823.000

In Cash Gifts, to be Distributed by the New Cash Prize Co.

EVERY TICKET DRAWS A PRIZE.

[Prize table]

BUSINESS CARDS.

TWO NEW STORES.

BLISS & SHARP,

Druggists and Chemists

106 State-st., third 164 Twenty-second-st., four south of Washington-st., corner of Washington.

The Two Finest Drug and Prescription Stores in the West.

Particular attention given to Fine Toilet Goods, Perfumery, etc.

GEO. W. WAITE & CO.,

Real Estate Agents,

Room 9, Tribune Building.

City and Town Lots, Houses, Farms, &c

DR. J. SNELL,

DENTIST,

Office and Residence, 455 Michigan-av.

WHITE & CO.,

Jobbing Gardeners.

All orders sent to P. O. Box 613 promptly attended to. Charges moderate.

REAL ESTATE.

OUR OPENING AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR 1871,

Tuesday, March 28, 12 o'clock m.

THAYER, CURRY & CO.,

Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers,

105 DEARBORN-ST.

ATTENTION, CAPITALISTS.

THE GREATEST

Bargain yet Offered.

ONE MILE FRONT ON THE GRAND CALUMET RIVER, and on the line of the Michigan Central R. R., 18 miles from the city.

The above property will be sold on the most favorable terms ever offered, if taken before the 25th of March. Only $5,000 down; balance on time to suit the purchaser. Title perfect. Property finished, with title complete, from 1835 to date. For full particulars apply to MORSE, CHILDS & CO., 162 Randolph-st., Chicago.

$40,000.

Wanted, the above amount of business property, centrally located, under good rental, for which $23,000 cash will be paid; and the balance in good property. Apply to

FIELD, KING & CO.,

Corner of State and Washington-sts.

MAPLEWOOD.

Addition old city limits, in the direction of Lincoln Park, is now open for sale. Lots for sale and a few houses erected on same. Parties desiring to build a home can secure a lot, and have a house erected on it, on easy payments. Lots for sale on Ashland-av., Robey-st., Wood-st., Paulina-st., and Lincoln-av. Apply to

T. B. WILSON & CO.,

No. 99 Washington-st., Room 5 and 6.

FOR SALE.

A 6-room cottage, brick, and finished, and one of 5 rooms, unfinished, fronting corner Ogden-av. and Lincoln-st. Houses are all improvements, with sewerage, gas, water, etc. Lots, 25x125, fronting on Ogden-av. Apply to

T. B. WILSON & CO.,

No. 99 Washington-st., Room 5 and 6.

TO TRADERS.

I wish to trade Butler County, Kansas, lands, for city goods suitable for a general country business. Address, with full description, P. O. Box 1,000, Chicago.

TWO HOUSES AT HYDE PARK,

Two blocks from depot, on the line of the Illinois Central R. R. Apply to T. B. WILSON & CO., 99 Washington-st., Room 5 and 6.

MARBLE FRONT,

Octagon, brick, just finished, 227 Monroe-st., cor. Oakley, near West Side Park; and almost new 3-story brick, 1,000 feet south, on Oakley-st., between Monroe and Adams-sts., until 1st May. Apply to

WILLIAM M. SMART, 19 Wabash-av.

Business Lots to Lease for Years.

Forty or eighty feet front, eighty deep, on Market-st., between Washington and Madison-sts. Apply to M. M. Agnew, 139 Randolph-st.

FURNITURE.

FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

Wm. H. Sweet,

FINANCIAL.

NEW LOAN OF THE UNITED STATES.

IMPORTANT CIRCULAR.

Treasury Department, March 1, 1871.

Public notice is hereby given that books will be opened on the 6th day of March next in this country and in Europe, for subscriptions to the Funding Loan of 1871, authorized by the Act approved July 14, 1870, entitled "An Act to authorize the Refunding of the National Debt," and the Act in addition thereto, approved Jan. 20, 1871.

The proposed loan comprises three millions of dollars, namely:

First—Bonds to the amount of five hundred millions of dollars, payable in coin, at the pleasure of the United States, after ten years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest, payable quarterly in coin, at the rate of five per cent per annum.

Second—Bonds to the amount of three hundred millions of dollars, payable in coin, at the pleasure of the United States, after fifteen years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest, payable quarterly in coin, at the rate of four per cent per annum.

Third—Bonds to the amount of three hundred millions of dollars, payable in coin, at the pleasure of the United States, after thirty years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest, payable quarterly in coin, at the rate of four per cent per annum.

The bonds will be issued in sums of one hundred dollars, and multiples thereof, payable quarterly in coin, at the rate of four per cent per annum.

Subscriptions for exchange of the present five per cent bonds for the new bonds will be received at the Treasury, and at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, or Designated Depositary of the government, quarterly, on the first days of February, May, August and November, in each year.

The bonds of the several classes aforesaid, and the interest thereon, are exempt from the payment of all taxes or dues to the United States, as well as from taxation in any form, by or under State, municipal, or local authority.

After maturity, the bonds last issued will be first redeemed, by classes and numbers, as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The bonds will be issued in the United States Treasury, but the agents for the negotiation of the loan in Europe are authorized to make advantageous arrangements for the transmission of the bonds to the agents through whom subscriptions may be received.

Subscribers in the United States will receive the new bonds of the agents with whom the subscriptions accrue.

In the United States, the National Banks are authorized to receive subscriptions, and subscriptions may also be made at the office of the Treasurer of the United States, and at the office of the Assistant Treasurer and Designated Depositaries at Buffalo, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Pittsburgh, Penn.

The following banking houses are also authorized to act as agents in receiving subscriptions in the United States, viz.:

NEW YORK CITY.

[Banks listed]

BOSTON, MASS.

[Banks listed]

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

[Banks listed]

CHICAGO, ILL.

[Banks listed]

Subscriptions for any sum not less than fifty dollars will be received, and duplicates will be issued to the subscribers for the amounts paid.

First—Subscriptions for equal amounts of bonds bearing interest at the rate of four and a half per cent, and of bonds bearing interest at the rate of five per cent.

Second—Subscriptions for equal amounts of bonds bearing interest at the rate of four and a half per cent, and of bonds bearing interest at the rate of five per cent.

Third—Subscriptions for any five per cent bonds that may not be subscribed for in the preceding classes.

When a subscription is made, the subscriber will be required to deposit 2 per cent of the amount thereof in coin or currency of the United States, or in bonds of the class to be exchanged, to be assigned to the agent by the government from the same Bonds are delivered, and payments may be made either in coin or in bonds of the United States, known as Five-twenty Bonds, at their par value.

The coin received in payment will be applied to the redemption of five-twenty bonds, and the debt of the United States will not be increased by this issue.

The bonds will be registered or issued with coupons, as may be desired by the subscribers. Registered bonds will be issued of the denominations of one, ten, fifty, one hundred, five hundred, one thousand, five thousand, ten thousand, and fifty thousand dollars, and coupon bonds of each denomination except the last two. The interest will be payable in the United States, at the office of the Treasurer, city

The Chicago Tribune.

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EXTRA COPIES AT SAME RATE.

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Remit by Draft, Express, Post Office order, or in registered letter, at our risk.

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Daily, delivered, Twenty cents per week; $1.00 each per month.
Daily, delivered, Sunday included, 25c per week; $1.25 per month.

Address TRIBUNE COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill.

SUNDAY, MARCH 12, 1871.

CHICAGO POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL.

The committee of the Board of Supervisors have been examining the property owned by the county and occupied by the Reform School. They find that there are four blocks of land, lying on Lake and Ellis avenues, Drexel boulevard, and Cottage Grove avenue, making a strip 2,163 feet from east to west, and 550 feet from north to south. The Reform School occupies only one of these blocks, the others being vacant. This property is very valuable, and the committee think it too valuable to be held entirely unproductive, and they advise a sale or lease of a portion of the property. They recommend that the city of Chicago shall, for four months, have the privilege of purchasing Block 3, on which the Reform School stands, at an appraised valuation. In case the city shall not purchase, then the county shall purchase the buildings, according to their value. They recommend that one-half of one block shall be set apart for a hospital to be built here after. They then consider the subject of the proposed Polytechnic School.

The Lake Forest University, under its charter, provides that the professional departments may be in the city of Chicago, and Captain Richardson, a wealthy gentleman of New York city, proposes to deed to the Trustees of that university property in that city worth $250,000, or yielding now an annual revenue of $20,000, to endow the "Richardson College of Mining and the Practical Sciences," to be established in Chicago. The liberal grant is upon the condition that a true be established, and a building erected thereon not to cost less than $100,000.

The committee of the Supervisors, under those circumstances, recommend that the county shall donate Block No. 1 of those grounds to the Trustees of the Richardson fund on condition that the building required shall be erected thereon. They also make the further condition that the county shall have one Trustee in said school, who shall have retailed at free scholarships, or shall in no wise be responsible for its current expenses.

Assuming that the Supervisors adopt this report and donate this block of ground for the school, all that will then be required will be the $100,000 for the new building. It is stated in the report that the Trustees have already purchased the geological cabinet of Professor McCheney, containing over 100,000 specimens.

There can be but one opinion upon the advisability of establishment of this school in Chicago. The schools for practical sciences in this country are very few, the one at Troy alone enjoying a high reputation. Those attached to the general universities have never attained any great distinction. The schools of Europe are regarded with great favor, and are held to be as necessary as the schools for primary education. The Imperial Polytechnic School of France is the most comprehensive in its teachings. It prepares pupils to enter the public service in ordinance service, military and maritime engineering, hydrographic engineering corps, naval commissariat, department of bridges, highways, mines, the requiring knowledge of mathematical, physical, and chemical sciences.

The French school, established in 1794, has served as a model for its successors all over the continent. Austria has four of the first class, one each at Prague, Vienna, Gratz, and Brunn, besides many smaller ones. The school at Vienna has 1,000 pupils. Prussia has numerous schools of this class, under various names; the academy at Berlin has 500 pupils. The school at Carlsruhe, in Baden, ranks among the highest in Europe. Now, as seven departments—mathematical, engineering, machinery, architecture, chemistry, forestry, and agriculture, and has extensive grounds and workshops. Bavaria has no less than twenty of these schools, more or less extensive. The building of the Royal School at Munich cost one million of florins. Hanover has one, and Saxony and Switzerland have their schools of the same kind. Italy, though it has no large establishment, had, five years ago, no less than 9,000 pupils attending 179 technical schools in which the instruction is in the practical sciences. Denmark and Sweden have their polytechnic schools. Russia, beside her Technological Institute, has also her primary, first and second schools of the same kind of study. In Wurtemburg, Holland, Belgium, Westphalia, Spain, Portugal, and nearly all the smaller States, are numerous schools, and this character of instruction is regarded with great favor.

In the United States, technological education has been much neglected, and we have had to draw upon the students and graduates of these European schools. Of all countries in the world this most needs schools of this class. Our vast expanse of territory, our innumerable and varied mines, our mountains, rivers, prairies, and hill-sides, all require for their intelligent development a people educated in the practical sciences. We want our boys to know something else than how to read, write, and cipher. The popularizing of the practical sciences would be a feature in our national education of the most inestimable benefit. The liberal offer of Captain Richardson, to endow such a school in this city, should not be rejected or permitted to lapse for want of acceptance. [illegible] matter of the proposed donation of the Reform School land we have no information; and the result was all that could be desired."

Of the *Times* we know nothing; for Tom Turnbull we put in no absolute or equivocal denial of the truth of this allegation, denouncing it as destitute of the slightest shadow of fact, directly or indirectly; but, for the *Republican* itself, we accept its acknowledgment of having "received the following private letter" as a confirmation of the continuance of that precarious existence to which we just alluded. Nothing could be more frank, and we are free to commend the courage, or rather the audacity, of the *Republican* in making such a confession. Accepting that to be true, unhappily, an uncommon crime; nor is it unusual, as in this case, to take the bribe and not do the work paid for; but an unhesitating confession of accepting them is very unusual, for even those who are base enough to receive a bribe have usually grace enough left to be ashamed of it. The *Republican* even shows some remains of that emotion by its parenthetical statement of the existence of "other proprietors;" but that palliation is not this to deceive anybody. The principal proprietor of that paper, ever since it came into existence, is its principal proprietor still.

Statecraft is getting to be almost as fine and occult an art in democratic America as in monarchical Europe. The science of impeachment has been largely utilized since Andy Johnson's case set the fashion, and the tactics of resigning to defeat a quorum is also beautifully developed; while the agency of the caucus, in empowering a minority to defeat a majority, has always worked like a charm. Governor Warmoth, of Louisiana, completes the catalogue of tricks, not known in more northerly States, that of stealing engrossed copies of acts to prevent their becoming laws through the necessary signature of the Governor, or to prevent him from vetoing them, and then causing them to become laws through the lapse of the period prescribed for such cases. The Minnesota Senate recently insured the integrity of its majority on a certain railroad grant by counting the pairs which were announced by proxy, and installing in his seat a contestant who not only had fewer votes, but was rendered ineligible by nonresidence in the State. It was in the same State, a few years ago, that a contestant, in the remote Pembina district, fought out another claim's credentials as member of the Legislature, and for him through the whole session, getting through the particular grants and charters which made it an object for the opposition to be a member. But these tactics are antiquated, and on too small a scale to be available at the present day. Bribery, which is understood to prevail, to a greater or less extent, in all legislative bodies—and no party is sufficiently without sin to cast any stones at the others—is a crime, rather than a fine art, such as those mentioned at the beginning of this paragraph. Its substitute is log-rolling, generally considered by legislators as admissible operation: A voting for B's pet bill because B votes for A's. This is the great curse of all American legislation of the present period, costing the people, through the doings of national and State Legislatures, money and property enough to pay off the national debt in two or three years. The best antidote against it would be the adoption of the proposed reforms of the civil service, and thereby bringing into Congress a class of men whose means of honor is much more exacting, in political as well as business affairs, than those of the present day.

The Sheriff of Trinity County, California, who collected exorbitant poll taxes ($4 per month) of all the Chinamen in his bailiwick, under color of State law, has been brought up with a round turn in the United States Circuit Court at San Francisco, Judge Sawyer presiding. A law of Congress, which went into effect in June, 1870, forbids such exactions, and it was the high purpose of Trinity County, as represented in the High Sheriff, to nullify this law and tax John Chinaman out of the mines. In the hearing of the case, the plaintiff, Ah Kow, was admitted as a witness, and the subject was thoroughly gone over on his merits. The defendant, Gregg Campbell, and Castle, and Drapton, with appear Mosley evening in "The Huguenots," and if that does not bring them, we do not know what will.

I once more particularly desire that you would give me the credit I deserve for not saying anything about the Credit Mobilier business; for I could have commenced the letter with a magnificent flourish in the praise, and have ended it with a flourish of abuse, sending allusions to the winter which has just closed.

Let, for instance, Smith, the other day, in rehearsing an ash heap, found under it a back of wood 2 weeks old. Now, I am not Lent, the snow remains in our hearts. I hope not.

But I am not going to say anything about it. I only trust the sun shines as brightly in your city as it does in Boston; that the birds rise when the door-bell rings; and, until I see you at the opera, Monday evening, I am, etc.,

FRANCESCA FUGLE.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Announcements of Services in the Churches To-Day.

BETHESDA.

Calvary Church, corner Warren street and Western avenue—Preaching at 7 p. m., by the rector, Rev. Clinton Locke. Sunday-school and services at 10:30 a. m., by the Rev. A. W. Snyder, rector.

Trinity Church, on Jackson street, between Wabash and Michigan avenues—Services by the Rev. R. Sullivan, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Church of Our Father (Universalist), Union street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. DeKoven, of Racine College, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Church of the Epiphany, on Throop street, between Taylor and Twelfth streets—Services by the Rev. Dr. Locke, assisted by the Rev. Messrs. Snyder and Sullivan, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Church of the Epiphany, on Throop street, between Taylor and Twelfth streets—Services by the Rev. Dr. McGregor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

Church of the Redeemer (Episcopal), corner of Dearborn and Eighteenth streets—Services by the Rev. Dr. Fox, D. D., late rector of St. Paul's Church, Boston, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. This church, and will occupy it for the present.

Church of the Holy Communion, on Burnham street, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

All Saints' Church, corner Ashland avenue and Carroll street—Services by the Rev. Dr. Locke, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

The Italian Opera Bouffe at the Lyceum is a feature not fashion, but it is good. The opera Trovatore, with Tietjens, Duval, Trebelli, Castelmary, and, probably, Nilsson in the leading parts. Gye has got Patti, Lucca, Scalchi, and Parepa. And, Carl might have added, Gye has got Mapleson's Italian Opera Troupe, Patti, Lucca, Scalchi, and Parepa! Can you inform me at what day the next steamer sails?

But this fact isn't going to prevent me from enjoying Caroline Richings, Ingalls, Harrison, and Castle, and Drapton, with appear Mosley evening in "The Huguenots," and if that does not bring them, we do not know what will.

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Church of Our Savior, corner of Sedgwick and Lincoln avenues—Services by the Rev. W. F. Ells, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul, corner of Wabash avenue and Eighteenth street—Preaching by the Rev. Henry Mackay in the morning, and by the Rev. Father Dunne in the evening, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Grace Church, on Wabash avenue near Fourteenth street—Services by the Rev. J. J. Jones, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

St. John's Church, corner Lake street and Sangamon—Services by the Rev. Father Fallon, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

St. Mark's Church, corner Cottage Grove and Oak avenues—Services by the Rev. S. Moore, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.

Wabash Avenue Church, corner Wabash avenue and Seventeenth street—Preaching by the Rev. Robert Collyer, Morning subject: "Religious Revivals." Evening subject: "The Recognition of Friends in Heaven."

——Centenary Church, on Monroe street, near Sangamon—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Kynett, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

Grace Church, corner Chicago avenue and La Salle street—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

Trinity Place Church, corner Grant place and Larrabee street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Kidder, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Rev. G. G. Truesdell, Pastor.

Epiphany Church, corner Washington and Clark streets—Preaching by the Rev. W. H. Hayes at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

St. Paul's Church, corner Maxwell street and Newberry avenue—Preaching by the Rev. W. H. Burns, morning and evening.

Mount Pleasant Church, on Ada street, near Lake street—Preaching by the Rev. Thomas H. Hynes, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. Goodwin, Pastor.

Ada Street Church—Preaching by the Rev. J. H. Bayne, on this evening, in Friends' Meeting House, on West Randolph street, between Indiana and Prairie avenues.

CONGREGATIONAL.

New England Church, corner North Dearborn and Kinzie streets—Preaching at 7 p. m. by Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, of Elmira, N. Y., brother of the pastor, the leader of the Sunday School work in Illinois, and a distinguished writer and speaker. Subject: "Christian Life and How to Meet Them."

Third Presbyterian Church, corner West Washington and Carpenter streets—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Patton, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Evening subject: "The Christian Church in the Nineteenth Century." Rev. Dr. Adrian Rhea, Pastor.

Seventh Church, corner Halsted and Harrison streets—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Bell, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 2 p. m.

——Olivet Church, corner Wabash avenue and Eighteenth street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Goodwin, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 2 p. m.

Union Park Church—Preaching by the Rev. David S. Johnson, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath-school at 2 p. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening.

Second Church, corner of Ogden and Loomis streets—Preaching by the Rev. Mr. Swing at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Westminster Church, corner Monroe and Sangamon streets—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Goodwin, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath-school at 2 p. m.

Plymouth Church, corner Michigan avenue and Twenty-fourth street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Ryder, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

Church of the Redeemer, on Michigan avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Ryder, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

Centenary Church, corner of Chicago avenue and North Dearborn street—Preaching morning and evening. Morning subject: "The Art of Communication." Evening subject: "The Work of Christ."

Union Church, corner of Chicago avenue and North Dearborn street—Preaching morning and evening. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

——Lincoln Park Chapel, on Hurlbut street, between Lincoln and Clark streets—Preaching by the Rev. Mr. Hatfield, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

Church of Our Savior, corner of Sedgwick and Lincoln avenues—Services by the Rev. W. F. Ells, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul, corner of Wabash avenue and Eighteenth street—Preaching by the Rev. Henry Mackay in the morning, and by the Rev. Father Dunne in the evening, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Grace Church, on Wabash avenue near Fourteenth street—Services by the Rev. J. J. Jones, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

St. John's Church, corner Lake street and Sangamon—Services by the Rev. Father Fallon, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

St. Mark's Church, corner Cottage Grove and Oak avenues—Services by the Rev. S. Moore, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

SWEDENBORGIAN.

Church of the New Jerusalem, corner Sangamon and Washington streets—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Bayley, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m.

UNIVERSALIST.

Church of Our Father, on Union street, between Madison and Randolph streets—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. DeKoven, of Racine College, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

UNITARIAN.

Unity Church, corner of Dearborn and Whitney avenues—Preaching by the Rev. Robert Collyer, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Robert Collyer, Minister. Residence, 1 Whitney avenue.

Church of the Messiah, corner of Wabash avenue and Hubbard court—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Hall, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Evening subject: "Poverty and Crime."

Third Church, on Monroe street, between Halsted and Green—Preaching in the morning by the Rev. Dr. Thomas, at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Evening subject: "Poverty and Crime."

Church of the Unity, corner Laflin and Monroe streets—Preaching by the Rev. C. D. B. Mills, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject: "The Nature of Worship."

Second Church, corner Laflin and Monroe streets—Preaching by the Rev. C. A. Bartol, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject: "History of Unitarianism."

St. Paul's Church, corner of York street and Park avenue—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Thomas, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

——Church of the Good Shepherd, corner Indiana avenue and Thirty-first street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Pardee, morning and evening. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. Pardee, Pastor.

Church of the Atonement, corner Indiana avenue and Thirty-second street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Bayne, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. Bayne, Rector.

——Church of the Ascension, corner Indiana avenue and Thirty-fifth street—Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Bayne, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. Bayne, Rector.

——Church of the Holy Communion, on Burnham street, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

All Saints' Church, corner Ashland avenue and Carroll street—Services by the Rev. Dr. Locke, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30

INSURANCE.

Good Reasons
WHY THE
REPUBLIC
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Should be patronized in preference to others.

"THE COMPANY IS TO-DAY ONE OF THE STRONGEST ON THIS CONTINENT."—New York Independent, March 2, 1871.

One Million Dollars
IN CASH

THE FEMALE AGITATORS.

Second and Last Day's Proceedings of the Woman Suffrage Convention.

It is Solemnly Resolved that Woman Already Have the Right to Vote.

And that Prostitution Ought Not to be Sanctioned by Law.

Dr. Ryder Declares Himself as a Supporter of the New Movement.

Mrs. Stanton's Lecture on "The True Republic."

MORNING SESSION.

The Cook County Woman Suffrage Convention reassembled, pursuant to adjournment, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs. Fernande Jones presiding. The attendance was considerably larger than on the first day, the hall being well filled in the lower portion during the proceedings.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Cadwallader.

THE RESOLUTION RESCUED.

Judge Wade called up his substitute for Mrs. Stanton's second resolution, offered on Friday, and urged in favor of its adoption.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Mrs. Stanton took up the discussion and addressed her former argument against Mr. Wade's resolution. The Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY PEARNE, CURRIE & CO., 79 LaSalle-st., Tribune Building, CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS in HYDE PARK. Apply to PEARNE, CURRIE & CO.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED PROPERTY in all parts of the city. Apply to GAGE BROS. & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEO. C. ARMS, 58 MADISON-ST., Room 2, Tribune Building, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Michigan-av., south of Thirty-third-st., 100 feet front, at $50 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Wabash-av., south of Thirty-third-st., 100 feet front, at $50 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Indiana-av., near Twenty-second-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Prairie-av., south of Thirty-third-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Vincennes-av., south of Thirty-third-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Dearborn-av., south of Thirty-third-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on State-st., south of Thirty-third-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Twenty-second-st., south front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Thirty-first-st., near Cottage Grove-av., south front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Vernon-av., near Thirty-first-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Wabash-av., south of Thirty-first-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Michigan-av., south of Thirty-first-st., west front, at $40 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Adams-st., west of Ashland-av., south front, at $30 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Fulton-st., between Paulina and Wood, north front, at $30 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Jackson-st., west of Ashland Cemetery, south front, at $30 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Lake-st., west of Halsted-st., north front, at $30 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Madison-st., west of Halsted-st., south front, at $30 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Harrison-st., west of Halsted-st., south front, at $30 per foot. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Douglas Place—West of Cottage Grove-av.—1st on Pond-av.—South of Forty-second-st., south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Indiana-av.—Near Twenty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Michigan-av.—Between Forty-second and Forty-third-sts., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Prairie-av.—Between Forty-second and Forty-third-sts., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Vincennes-av.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Dearborn-av.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on State-st.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Twenty-second-st.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Thirty-first-st.—Near Cottage Grove-av., south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Vernon-av.—South of Douglas Place, east front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Wabash-av.—South of Thirty-first-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Michigan-av.—South of Thirty-first-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Adams-st.—Between Ashland-av. and Wood-st., north front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Fulton-st.—Between Paulina and Wood, north front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Jackson-st.—West of Ashland Cemetery, south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Lake-st.—West of Halsted-st., north front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Madison-st.—West of Halsted-st., south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Harrison-st.—West of Halsted-st., south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Douglas Place—West of Cottage Grove-av.—1st on Pond-av.—South of Forty-second-st., south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Indiana-av.—Near Twenty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Michigan-av.—Between Forty-second and Forty-third-sts., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Prairie-av.—Between Forty-second and Forty-third-sts., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Vincennes-av.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Dearborn-av.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on State-st.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Twenty-second-st.—South of Forty-second-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Thirty-first-st.—Near Cottage Grove-av., south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Vernon-av.—South of Douglas Place, east front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Wabash-av.—South of Thirty-first-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Michigan-av.—South of Thirty-first-st., west front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Adams-st.—Between Ashland-av. and Wood-st., north front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Fulton-st.—Between Paulina and Wood, north front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Jackson-st.—West of Ashland Cemetery, south front. Also, 2 fine RESIDENCE LOTS on Lake-st.—West of California

57

ALEXANDRE DUMAS.

Of the fourteen men who were first in Europe left, we naturally select a dozen, most in mind and one of the most remarkable. It was certainly regarding the career from his birth to his death, in the year 1870, that Dumas himself, thoroughly his death, his life to speak likewise, was one wherein the maker of fortunate events from the cradle of the ancestors will take up from France. Dumas could hear my shame, if but, if not, my fame and a brain of genius with influences, as not, as he was, in his fortune, he went on making his character and his genius upon Napoleon as extinct and has been a parallel in modern literature, and reminds one of the feats of magicians in the Arabian tales. Indeed, there was something Colossal in the whole circumstances of the man, and of the surroundings with which he perpetual Pandemonium waste from his life-blood, but in its appearances, grievous, and unequal neighborhood, and the vast moments, his position intensely with his daring prodigality. That he didnot break down under labors at which Lope de Vega would have stood appalled and to the very verge of decrepitude, was due to his vigorous constitution and to his temperance in regularity of habits. But it is a mistake to suppose that he was a prodigious worker in the sense of voluminous writing. Setting all of it in the manuscript, which involved more than twice as much labor as the printed volumes, and the subsequent revision of proofs, and the work of his literary staff, and the composition of the plays which he wrote in collaboration with other authors, and the enormous correspondence which he maintained, and the social claims which he could not disregard, and the interruptions which he could not avoid, and the hours which he must have spent in the open air, and the sleep which he must have taken, and the meals which he must have eaten, and the time which he must have given to his children, and the business which he must have transacted, and the money which he must have made, and the money which he must have spent, and the money which he must have given away, and the money which he must have lost, and the money which he must have stolen, and the money which he must have begged, and the money which he must have borrowed, it was impossible that he could have written more than a few pages of any one of his books. Of course, he had "devils" to help him, and he was not above using their work when he could get it. But the "devils" were not numerous, and they were not always available. Dumas himself, in "Le Comte de Monte Cristo," has given us a picture of the literary workshop in which he was the presiding genius, and in which he turned out, if changed with their, as pages of manuscript per day. In "Comtesse de Charny" he has given us another sketch of the literary workshop, and in "Le Trente-Quarante" he has given us a picture of the gambling-house in which he lost his money. Of course, he did not write all that is contained in his own! Of no other romancer, in "Le Fruits d'Antheuil," are entire volumes cut out from their "Vingt-Ans Apres," "Le Vicomte de Bragelonne," "La Reine Margot," "Les Quarante-Cinq," and "La Dame de Monsoreau," are the most extraordinary virtues could realize the difficulties of the task. Dumas was a man of genius, and known by a name to all the world.

The Dark Wood.

Upon the fly I am on that wood good
Where I was born, and where I lived and died,
And where I hope to live and die again,
And where I hope to live and die again
Forever and forever, and forever
Forever and forever, and forever
Forever and forever, and forever